



Air-sea CO₂ flux in the North Sea: spatio-temporal variability and uncertainty of the estimates

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Marginal seas in temperate and high latitude oceans are significant sinks for atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO₂) and often characterized by higher variability compared to open ocean regions. Here we evaluate the air-sea CO₂ flux in the North Sea. We combine high frequency data of SST and fCO₂ from ships of opportunity and publicly available data for wind speed, salinity, and atmospheric CO₂ to determine the flux and simultaneously estimate its uncertainty. The spatio-temporal variability of the data is analysed. Additionally, by using basin-wide cruise data, the long term trend of the flux is investigated by comparing basin-wide flux estimates based on data from 2001 and 1986.