



Helicity index of atmospheric vortices

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Different constituent terms of the helicity balance equation for intense atmospheric vortices, such as tropical cyclones, tornadoes and dust devils, are discussed. It is suggested that the downward flux of helicity through the top level of a turbulent viscous boundary layer can serve as a useful index of the strength of the primary circulation in the vortex. Based in this approach, examples are given of case studies of tropical cyclones and tornadoes and of assessment (classification) of their intensity and possible destructive impact; corresponding analysis of dust devils on Earth and Mars is also presented.