



3D Strong Ground Motion Simulation of the Gubbio Alluvial Basin by GeoELSE

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The spectral element method (SEM) is a powerful numerical technique naturally suited for seismic wave propagation analyses. In this

contribution, the SEM based GeoELSE code is used to simulate ground motion generated by well-recorded and carefully studied strong earthquake of the 1997 Umbria-Marche sequence (September 1997) in the alluvial basin of Gubbio (Central Italy).

The numerical simulations account for 3D variations of seismicwave speeds and density, topography and attenuation, and a detailed reconstruction of the sedimentary basin shape. The combination of a detailed sedimentary basin model and an accurate numerical technique is capable to compute numerical time histories up to 2.5-3Hz inside the basin. Peak ground displacement, velocity, and acceleration maps illustrate that significant amplification occurs in the basin.