



Precipitation forecast evaluation by polarimetric radar

M.Pfeifer, **G. Craig**, M. Hagen, C. Keil

DLR Institute of Atmospheric Physics

A good representation of clouds and precipitation in Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) models is essential for an accurate direct prediction of local weather elements. In order to improve the quality of precipitation forecasts it is necessary to evaluate and better parameterise these processes determining the amount of precipitation at the ground. This has to be done through verification against observations. Polarimetric radar systems give information on the temporal and spatial distribution of hydrometeors in the atmosphere and are able, in contrast to conventional radar, to classify the hydrometeors such as rain, hail, graupel, and snow. Therefore they are especially suited for the verification of the microphysical parameterisation of high resolution models particularly in strong convective systems. In order to make the polarimetric information usable for the model verification, the polarimetric radar forward operator SynPolRad (Synthetic polarimetric Radar) is used to create synthetic polarimetric radar images out of the predicted model fields. These can be directly compared to the actual radar measurement and show remarkable differences.