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## First results on the $O_3 - CO_2$ isotope exchange from a diode laser spectrometer for the investigation of ${}^{17}O$ and ${}^{18}O$ containing ozone isotopomers

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We describe a high-resolution tuneable diode laser absorption spectrometer (TDLAS) in the 10  $\mu$ m range, that allows for the simultaneous detection and quantification of the naturally occurring ozone isotopomers:  ${}^{16}O^{16}O^{16}O$ ,  ${}^{16}O^{16}O^{18}O$ ,  ${}^{16}O^{18}O^{16}O$ ,  ${}^{16}O^{16}O^{18}O$ ,  ${}^{16}O^{18}O^{16}O$ ,  ${}^{16}O^{16}O^{17}O$  and  ${}^{16}O^{17}O^{16}O$ . Ozone samples prepared from natural oxygen can be analysed with an estimated accuracy of 5 permil, which is verified by comparison with mass spectrometer measurements. Preliminary results on the investigation of the heavy isotope transfer from ozone to carbon dioxide are presented.