Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 7, 08978, 2005

SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU05-A-08978 © European Geosciences Union 2005



## Paleomagnetic and petrologic study of the Irherm dyke (Morocco).

A. Palencia Ortas (1), R. Vegas (2), A. Hafid (3), A. Touil (3), V.C. Ruiz Martínez (1), J.J. Villalaín (4), R. Palomino (2), M.L. Osete (1).

(1) Dep. Geofísica, Fac. Físicas, Universidad Complutense de Madrid, (ali@fis.ucm.es), (2) Dep. Geodinámica, Fac. Geología, Universidad Complutense de Madrid, (3) Facultet des Sciences et Techniques. Universite Cadi Ayya, Marrakesh, (4) Dep. Física, Escuela Técnica, Universidad de Burgos.

We present the first results of a paleomagnetic and petrologic study carried out in the Irherm Dyke of southern Morocco. This dolerite dyke has been considered has part of a Variscan basic magmatism, but its similar NNE-SSW direction and composition to the Early Jurassic (200 Ma) Dyke of Foum-Zguid (previously studied by the present authors) points to its inclusion into the Early Jurassic Central Atlantic Magmatic Province. During a field campaign we have collected 155 samples in 16 sites for both paleomagnetic and petrological purposes. This is the first study carried out on this dyke, so the derived results are very important in understanding the nature and origin of the dyke It will be also very interesting to compare the results with those derived from the Foum Zguid dyke