Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 7, 05022, 2005

SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU05-A-05022 © European Geosciences Union 2005



## Validation of stratospheric NO<sub>2</sub> profiles from Odin/OSIRIS limb-scattered sunlight measurements

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Number density profiles of  $NO_2$  are retrieved from Odin/OSIRIS limb-scattered sunlight measurements using Optimum Estimation and Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy in the 435-451 nm window. Theoretical estimations show that a 2 km vertical resolution is achievable between 15 and 40 km with an uncertainty of about 10%. The coverage is near global except for the winter hemisphere. This work covers the validation of this data set to other space borne measurements.

The mean and standard deviations of the differences between OSIRIS  $NO_2$  profiles and coincident POAM and SAGE solar occultation  $NO_2$  measurements are presented, based on all available data from August 2001 to December 2004. The coincidences are sub-categorized into mid and high latitudes as well as summer fall, winter and spring comparisons.

Deviations in local solar time of the coincident measurements can affect any validation since the  $NO_2$  density is a function of the incoming solar radiation. This is particularly true for OSIRIS comparisons due to Odin's near terminator orbit. To compensate for this, the OSIRIS  $NO_2$  profiles are scaled to the corresponding solar zenith angle of POAM or SAGE using a tabulated chemistry model (PRATMO).