Characterization of Polar Stratospheric Clouds observed with Improved Limb Atmospheric Spectrometer (ILAS)

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Improved Limb Atmospheric Spectrometer (ILAS), an occultation sensor on board the Advanced Earth Observing Satellite (ADEOS), observed the infrared absorption spectra from 6.2 to 11.7 micron with 780-nm extinction in the polar stratosphere (57-72 °N and 63-88 °S) 14 times daily from November 1996 through June 1997. The newest retrieval Algorithm of Improved Limb Atmospheric Spectrometer (ILAS) Version 7 (V7) succeeded to retrieve aerosol/PSCs parameters simultaneously with gas species (Oshchepkov et al. 2005), and Oshchepkov et al. [2006] confirmed validity of V7 retrieval for gaseous species. The algorithm also provided a complete dataset of aerosol/PSC parameters including chemical compositions with their size distributions successfully. In the Antarctic stratosphere, the derived PSC parameters indicate prominent β-Nitric Acid Trihydrate (NAT) with only few occasions of Super-cooled Ternary Solution in early winter of 1997. Most of NAT events were observed between 60°W and 90°E at the ILAS measurement latitude (∼65°S) where temperatures are cold enough to reach to the NAT thermodynamic equilibrium temperature, T(NAT). The result is consistent with the ‘NAT-belt’ observed with Michelson Interferometer for Passive Atmospheric Sounding (MIPAS) in the winter of 2003 downstream from the Antarctic Peninsula [Hoepfner et al., 2005]. On the other hand, in the Northern Hemisphere, PSC compositions were more complex; STS events were found and sometimes one PSC event involved multi-compositions. In both Hemispheres, Liquid Ternary Solution (LTS) were observed in warm area as background sulfur-rich aerosols as expected.

Acknowledgements

We wish to express our great thanks to all of the ILAS science team members and their associates. The ILAS retrieval data processing was carried out at the ILAS Data Handling Facility (DHF) at NIES.