A magnetometer design for the Kua-Fu mission

P. Brown (1), S. J. Schwartz (1), H.-U. Auster (2), C. Carr (1), K.-H. Fornacon (2), K.-H. Glassmeier (2), T. Horbury (1), R. Nakamura (3), H. O'Brien (1) and T. Zhang (3).

(1) The Blackett Laboratory, Imperial College London, London, SW7 2BW, UK, (2) Technical University of Braunschweig, Inst. für Geophysik & Meteorology, Mendelssohnstrasse
D-38106 Braunschweig, Germany, (3) Space Research Institute, Austrian Academy of Sciences, Schmiedlstr. 6, 8042 Graz, Austria. (patrick.brown@imperial.ac.uk / Fax +44 207 594 7772 / Phone +44 207 594 7764)

The magnetometer experiments on-board the Kua-Fu A and B spacecraft must measure the magnetic field vector with high levels of precision and time resolution while keeping resources to a minimum. We describe a dual sensor fluxgate magnetometer design meeting these requirements featuring digital detection of the sensor signal. The instrument measures three orthogonal components of the magnetic field in a 0-32Hz bandwidth from two sensors, based on Double Star and Venus Express design heritage, and located at the end and inwards from the end of a rigid boom. We consider how the contrasting in-situ environments of the Kua-Fu A and B spacecrafts impact on the design parameters of the sense electronics and discuss the prospect of a common magnetometer solution for both types of spacecraft.