Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 10, EGU2008-A-01653, 2008 SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU2008-A-01653 EGU General Assembly 2008 © Author(s) 2008



Comparison of two Microwave assisted Decomposition Procedures and two Separation Procedures for Determination of Lanthanides in Sediments by EDXRF Method

V. Orescanin, L. Mikelic, V. Roje, and S. Lulic

Rudjer Boskovic Institute, Department for Marine and Environmental Research, Bijenicka cesta 54, 10002 Zagreb, Croatia, vorescan@irb.hr/fax:+385-1-4680205/Phone: +385-1-4571221

In order to analyze lanthanides in sediments the following two microwave decomposition procedures were applied: a) treatment of the sample with concentrated HNO₃(solid/liquid 1:10) and b) treatment of the sample with aqua regia (solid/liquid 1:10). Obtained solutions were subjected to chemical separation from the major matrix elements in order to avoid overlapping of the characteristic L X-ray lines of the lanthanides present in sediments in relatively low concentrations with respective K X-ray lines of more abundant elements like Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe. A standard separation procedure on DOWEX 50W-X8 resin was compared with the new one based on the usage of TRU spec resin (EiCrhom). Percentages of recovery of each lanthanide after separation on these two resins were compared. Separated lanthanides were preconcentrated with ammonium pirrolidine dithiocarbamate (APDC) chelating agent at pH 8 and analyzed by EDXRF method as thin targets over their characteristic L α X-ray lines.