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Nonlinear statistics of daily temperature fluctuations: Empirical studies and laboratory experiments

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Near global statistics of daily mean temperature changes reveal a robust asymmetry. Warming steps have significantly higher frequency and lower average magnitude than those of cooling steps for most weather stations [1]. This is a markedly nonlinear feature, Fourier surrogate time series exhibit completely symmetric increment statistics. The obtained geographic distribution of asymmetry parameters suggested an experimental test in a classical rotating tank setup. Temperature measurements in the dynamical regime of geostrophic turbulence reproduce quantitatively the strong asymmetry and spatial dependence of field observations [2]. The statistics might be relevant in other systems of nonequilibrium steady states.

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[2] B. Gyüre, I. Bartos and I.M. Jánosi: Nonlinear statistics of daily temperature fluctuations reproduced in a laboratory experiment. *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, under consideration (2007).