Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 7, 09616, 2005

SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU05-A-09616 © European Geosciences Union 2005



Observations and ecogeomorphological modelling of intertidal environments

M. Marani (1), E. Belluco (1), M. Camuffo (2), A. D'Alpaos (1), A. Feola (1), S. Ferrari (1), S. Lanzoni (1), A. Marani (2), L. Modenese (2), A. Rinaldo (1), S. Silvestri (3)

- (1) International Center for Hydrology 'D. Tonini' and Dept. IMAGE, University of Padova,
- (2) Dept Environmental Sciences, University of Venice, (3) Servizio Informativo Magistrato alle Acque di Venezia, (Contacts. E-mail: marani@idra.unipd.it; Fax: +39 049 8275446)

The dynamics characterizing tidal environments are dictated by a complex of geomorphological and ecological processes, whose close interaction makes an interdisciplinary approach necessary for their understanding and quantitative description. This contribution presents quantitative observations of intertidal ecological (salt-marsh vegetation and microphytobenthos) and morphological (topography and channel network geometry) properties acquired through remote sensing and field observations under the EU project TIDE (EVK3-CT2001-0064), to provide a basis for the development of mathematical models of ecogeomorphologic co-evolution in tidal environments. This contribution in particular describes: i) the quantitative maps of salt-marsh vegetation (and their statistical analyses) obtained by means of suitable classification procedures applied to multi- and hyper-spectral data or through airborne laser altimetry; ii) the relationships which may be inferred on the basis of the data gathered linking ecological (e.g. biodiversity) and morphological (e.g. topography and network characteristics) properties; iii) conceptual and quantitative ecogeomorphic models, inferred and validated by use of the observations.