Geophysical Research Abstracts, Vol. 7, 08796, 2005 SRef-ID: 1607-7962/gra/EGU05-A-08796 © European Geosciences Union 2005



A Flexible Turbulent Vector Field Generator

P. Bleuyard (1), A. Benassi (1), A.B. Davis (2), F. Szczap (1), Y. Gour (1) (1) Laboratoire de Météorologie Physique, Université Blaise Pascal, Clermont-Ferrand, France, (2) Los Alamos National Laboratory , Los Alamos, United-States

Analysis and generation of turbulent vector fields is a necessity in many areas, such as Atmospheric Science. A candidate model of vector field must be flexible enough to tune some features, such as the spacial distribution of vortices, sinks and sources, according to physical measures. To achieve that goal, we propose a model that depends upon a given matricial function called "topolet" and a law of random vectors family. This model has a hierarchical structure. Its spinal column is a tree: the encoding tree of the domain where the vector field lives. The sets of vortices, sinks and sources are driven by some Bernouilli subtrees, directly giving their fractal dimension. At each node of the tree is attached a rate of energy loose giving the spectral slope. All those quantities are independantly identifiable on the base of mathematical proofs. A primitive version of this model have been proposed for generating clouds.