



A large rock slide - debris avalanche in cohesive soil at Pink Mountain, northeastern British Columbia, Canada

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In early July 2002 a large rock slide - debris avalanche occurred on the west slope of the Pink Mountain anticline in northeastern British Columbia ($57^{\circ} 04' N$; $122^{\circ} 52' W$). The slopes have been subjected to previous deformation and landsliding. Pre and post slide digital elevation models (DEMs) were created from aerial photography. Approximately 1.04 M m^3 of sandstone and shale travelled nearly 2 km from an elevation of 1460 m to 1010 m. The landslide has a fahrböschung of 11.6 degrees and covered 43 ha. The rock debris entrained a certain amount of fine-textured till and colluvium increasing its volume by 15%. This entrainment caused partial liquefaction of the underlying soil thereby enhancing the mobility of the landslide. We used a Bingham rheological model to dynamically model the landslide with excellent correspondence between the analysis of the actual observed behaviour of the landslide.