Basic topology and dynamics of magnetic field leading activity the Sun

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Text of Abstract

Observations of the large scale magnetic field in the photosphere taken at the Wilcox Solar Observations of the large scale magnetic field in the photosphere taken at the Wilcox Solar Observation 1976 up to 2005 have been analyzed to deduce its latitudinal and longitudinal structures, its differential rotation, and their variability in time.

The main results are the following:

- The latitudinal structure of the solar magnetic field with a period of polarity change of 22 years of four zones: two sub polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25, 0 and -25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with boundaries around +25 degree of two sub-polar and two pre-equatorial with tw
- The presence of the polarity waves running from the equator to the poles with quasi 2-year perbeen clearly demonstrated
- North-South asymmetry of solar magnetic field and its short and long term variability in tibeen studied.
- Differential rotational rate of the magnetic field and its temporal dependence has been evid different latitudes through activity cycles.
- Extremely interesting quasi-stable over 30 years longitudinal structure has been found. Its rethe latitudinal topology of the magnetic field was studied.
- Longitudinal structure in different coordinate systems rotating differentially like the photosph and with different constant rates were reconstructed.

These results are fundamental for the understanding of the magnetic origin of the solar dynamics, the heliospheric structure and for the prediction of the solar wind and magnet perturbations.